Eradicating Grey Squirrel from Anglesey: Lessons & Future Challenges



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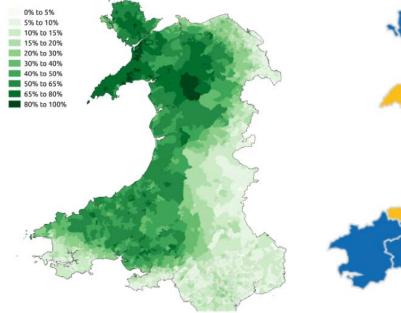


Conservation Action = Ecology + Funding + Politics

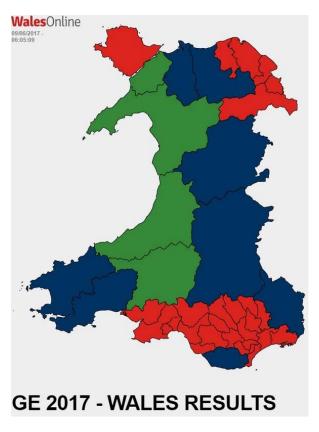














% Speaking Welsh

Brexit Vote Leave – Blue



Anglesey

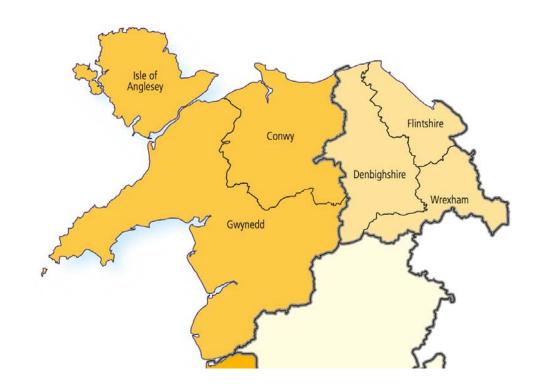
- 69,750 residents on Anglesey.
- 3,000 hectares of woodland and gardens.
- Island is 710km² with Holy Island an added 10km².
- Tourism valued at £250 Million per year.
- Agriculture & Nuclear Power Station (Wylfa B).
- Port of Holyhead links UK with Republic of Ireland.



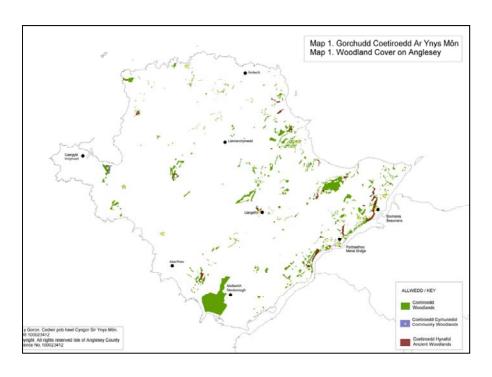


March of the grey squirrel

Flintshire and Denbighshire (1945-1952)
Caernarvonshire in the late 1950s
Anglesey 1966







Grey squirrels first arrived on Anglesey in the mid 1960s and by 1998 the Eurasian red squirrel was almost extinct.

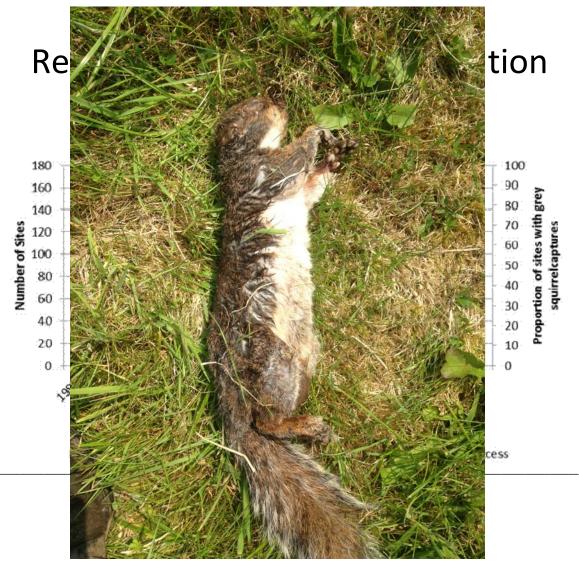
Eradication from 710km² island to a coastal boundary was completed in 2013



Esmé (1910-1999) & Peter Kirby (1911-2003)



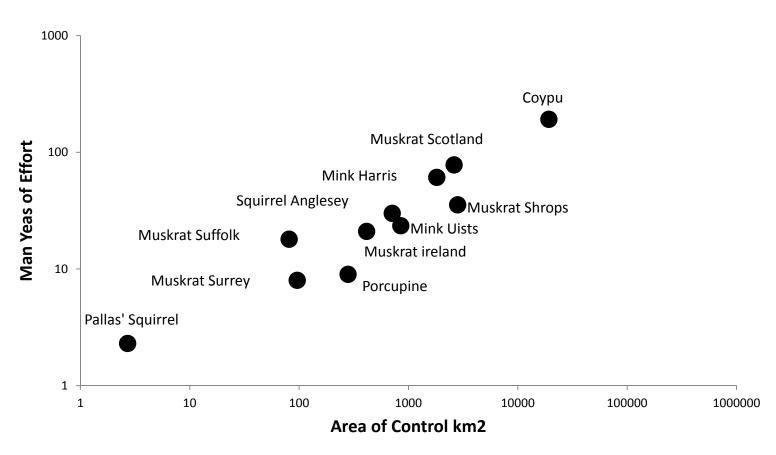






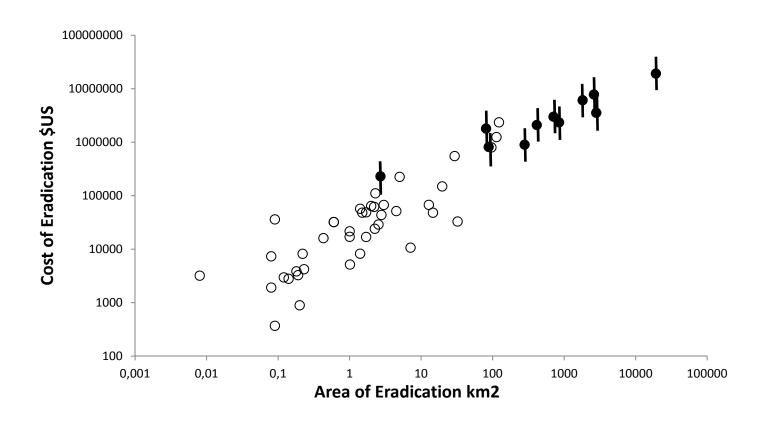


Effort for Success





Large-scale eradications follow the same cost-area relationship as do smaller island programmes



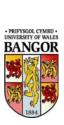
Range assumes cost per man-year of \$50-\$200k Island data from Martins et al (2006).



Land Access



- Farm
- Publi
- State
- Gard
- Scruk
- Hedg





80% vs 120% trap effort

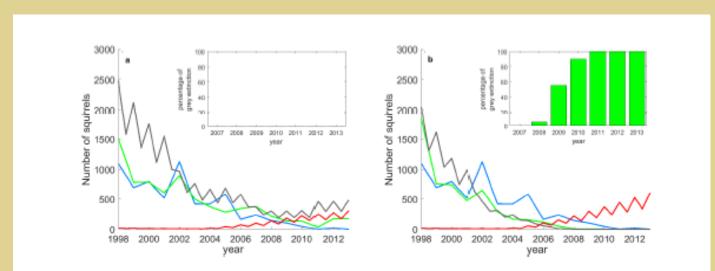
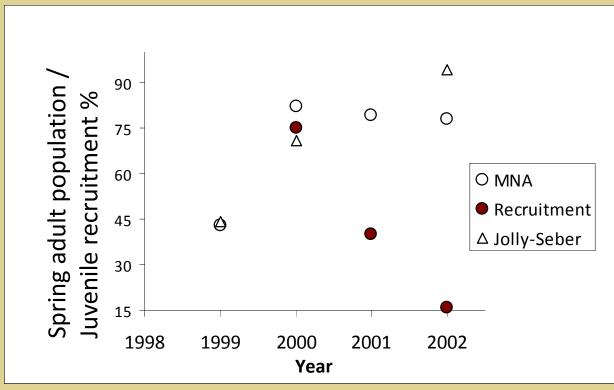


Fig. 7 Increased and decreased trapping competence with (a) 80% of trap effort and (b) 120% of trap effort. The blue line shows that actual number of grey squirrels caught. The other lines show averages over 20 model realisations for the number caught in the model (green line), the abundance of grey squirrels (grey line) and red squirrels (red line) on Anglesey. The inset panels show the percentage of runs in which greys squirrels have become extinct by the specified year



Red squirrel response to grey culling











Newborough forest reintroduction 2004-2007





- 550 hectare coastal pine plantation.
- Red squirrel extinct c. 1997.
- Long term housing of captive pairs and subsequent autumn soft release of offspring.

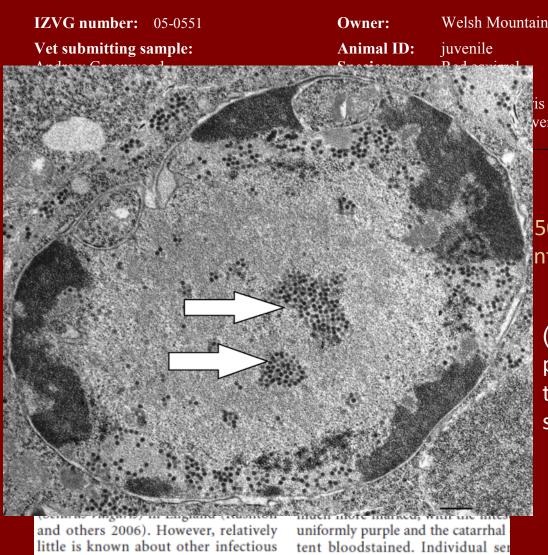




Table 1.1 Summary of captive breeding and release in 2004

Cumulative no. of adults in captivity Percentage of adults survived to 1st Jan Number of young born in captivity Proportion of all released adults which survived to 1st of Jan 05	12 67% 16 67%	Number of adults released Number of young born in wild Number of juveniles released Number of litters produced	3 7 13 7
Proportion of captive born juveniles known to have died by 1st Jan 05	19%	Number of young weaned per adult	1.9

2005 Disease outbreak in Newborough forest enclosures



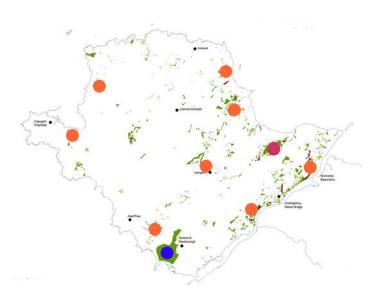
Welsh Mountain Zoo

50) in ntly.

> (Left) Micrograph of adenovirus particles (arrowed) detected in an ultrathin section of enterocytes from a red squirrel large intestine.

Duff et al (2007) Veterinary Record

Red Squirrel Reintroduction 2004-2012







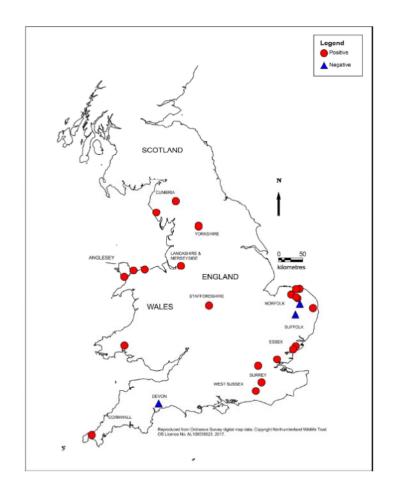






Implications of findings

- Newborough reintroduction was ultimately a success.
- Pre-movement screening ONLY allows **pathological cases** to be detected and NOT **asymptomatic infection**.
- Detecting 'Subclinical' infection is confounded as blood is not a good source material.
- In 2006, we moved away from in situ breeding and released animals housed for 3 weeks.
- Successfully carried out nine further translocations on Anglesey.



Adenovirus infection & inter-location movements

Table 3

ADV-associated cases in red squirrels detected at recipient study collections following receipt of stock from other captive study collections.

Collection	Donor collection	ADV infection	Stock receipt	ADV year
A	Q	Yes	2005	2005
В	Q	Yes	2005	2005
E	N	Yes	2006	2006
H	R	Yes	2009	2009
J	H	Yes	2013	2013
L	H	Yes	2011	2011
N	I	Yes	2011	2011
S	I	Yes	2013	2013
U	I	Yes	2014	2015
V	I	Yes	2013	2013
X	I	Yes	2015	2015
Z	I	Yes	2015	2016

Original investigation

The implications of significant adenovirus infection in UK captive red squirrel (*Sciurus vulgaris*) collections: How histological screening can aid applied conservation management

David J. Everest a,*, Craig M. Shuttleworth b, Sylvia S. Grierson a, Akbar Dastjerdi a, Mark F. Stidworthy c, J. Paul Duff d, Robert J. Higgins e, Aileen Mill f, Julian Chantrey g

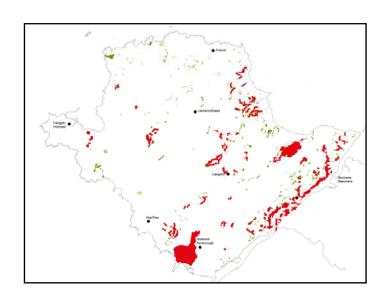


A non-invasive platform for tomorrow's surveillance















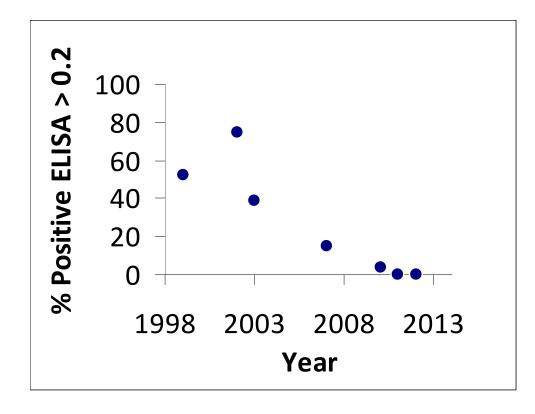
Island red squirrel genetic diversity: A rich and diverse population has been established

	1	2	3	4	5	Ang1	WMZ1
Beaumaris						Male	
Holy Island		Male		Male			Male
Plas Newydd							
Pentraeth							
Newborough							
	Males rele	ased and w					
	Haplotypes that have moved into locations where we did not introduced them						
	Remaining haplotypes						

Red Squirrel population increased from 40 to 800 animals

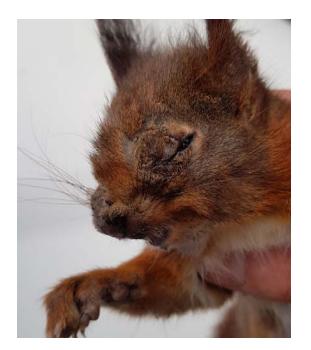
SQPV (Pox) ELISA results within a culled grey population (1998-2012)







You'll have to wait...



Squirrelpox virus



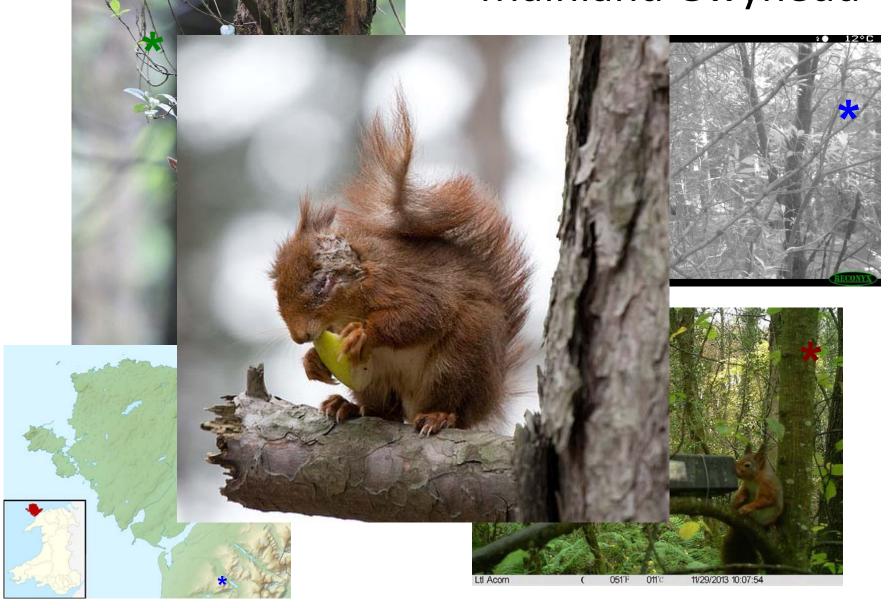




Staphylococcus aureus associated exudative dermatitis



Mainland Gwynedd



SQPV outbreak autumn 2017 in North Wales



WILDLIFE DISEASE

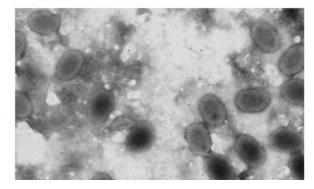
Confirmation of squirrelpox in Welsh red squirrels

WE wish to report the first laboratory confirmed cases of disease caused by squirrelpox virus (SQPV) in wild red squirrels (*Sciurus vulgaris*) from Wales.

Following a long-term grey squirrel (Sciurus carolinensis) management and control programme on the island of Anglesey, north Wales, a series of red squirrel translocations from a number of British captive red squirrel collections between 2004 and 2013



Fig 1: Red squirrel (*Sciurus vulgaris*), with facial lesions resembling those of squirrelpox, found dead in Treborth Botanical Gardens, mainland Wales









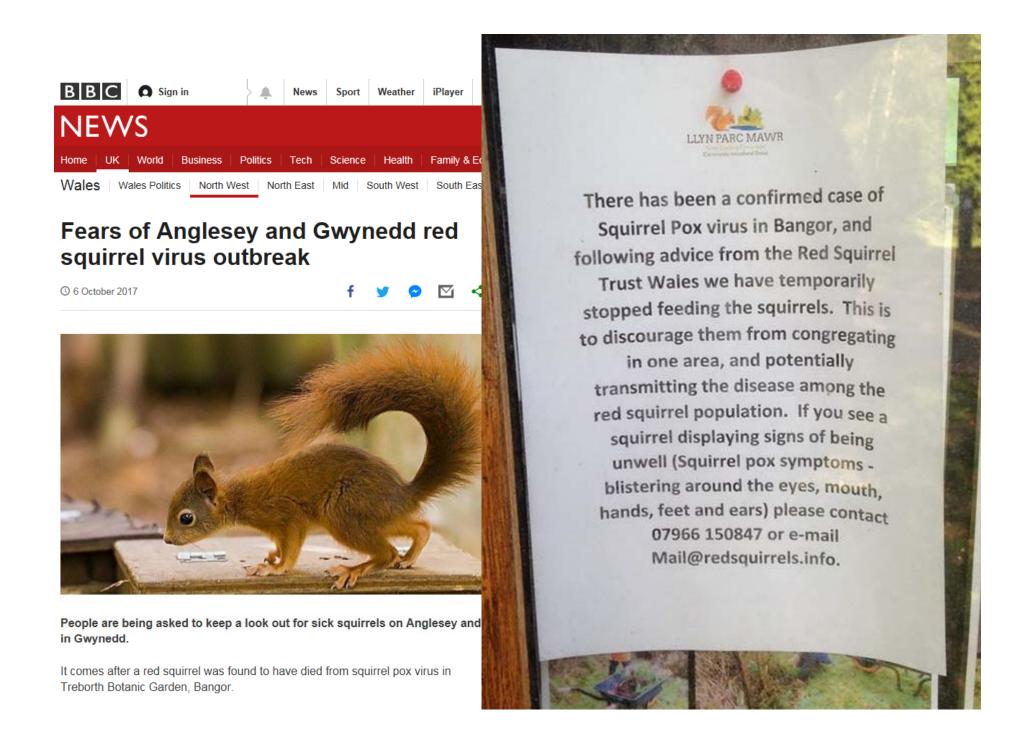




Camera traps proved invaluable but image pixilation on







- 1. Squirrelpox outbreaks can be isolated and involve few individuals.
- 2. In contrast, Chantrey et al. (2014) report decimation of the Formby population in 2008 outbreak.
- 3. The public and media are sympathetic to the preventing squirrelpox.
- 4. During the outbreak there was no protest or public complaint regarding grey squirrel culling.
- 5. Intervention was reactive and we will never know whether in other circumstances the outbreak would have intensified and spread to Anglesey.







A decade of conflict 2003-2013



Target squirre

8 August 7"opened dis JG/06667/17

24 Sept 20 work with th

• 31 Decem | plan agreed" JG/06987/12



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FCW – Forestry Commission Wales



Solution – Direct dialogue with NRW Management

FCW merged with other bodies to become NRW – Natural Resources Wales

The **EU** Regulation (1143/2014) on **invasive alien** (non-native) **species** entered into force on 1 January 2015







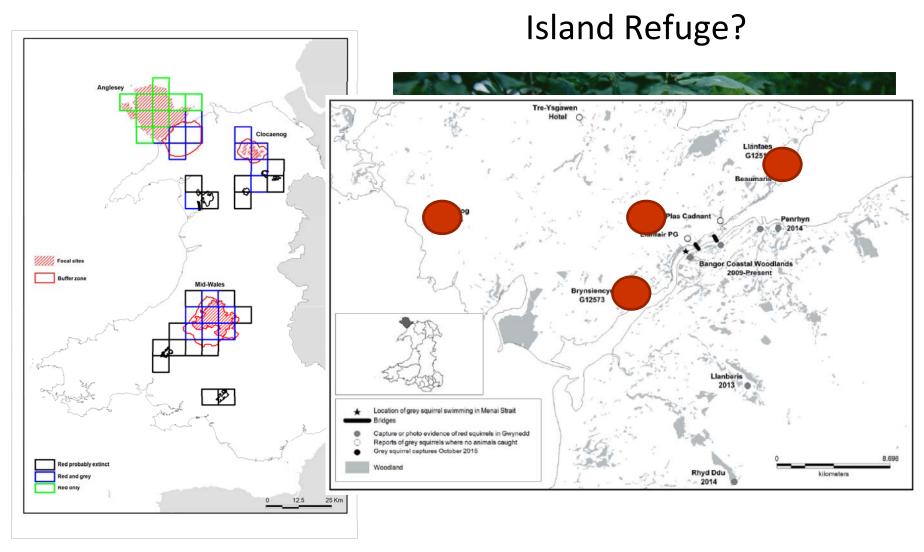






Anglesey is not an island it is a Peninsula





Halliwell et al. 2015 In Shuttleworth, Lurz & Hayward (eds) Shuttleworth et al. 2016 In Shuttleworth, Lurz & Gurnell (eds)



Reinvasion Routes

• Natural dispersal over the bridges.



Early Warning

- Created a network of 190 garden & woodlands feeding stations.
- Empower people with knowledge to be able to identify grey squirrels and other invader IAS.





WIWER GOCH yw'r unig rywogaeth o wiwer y coed sy'n frodorol i Brydain a bu'n yma ers diwedd oes yr ia ddiwethaf, rhyw 10,000 o flynyddoedd yn ôl. Roedd gwiwerod coch yn arfer byw ar hyd ac ar led Ynysoedd Prydain. Wrth i'w cynefin coetirol gael eu clirio'n gynyddol ac amaethyddiaeth, trefi a ffyrdd yn eu disodli, roedd niferoedd y gwiwerod yn gostwng i lefelau is. Arhosodd y boblogaeth genedlaethol yn eang nes i'r wiwer lwyd ddwyreiniol gael ei chyflwyno, rhywogaeth fwy sy'n wreiddiol o Ogledd America. Mae gwiwerod llwyd bellach wedi cymryd lle'r wiwer goch mewn llawer man ym Mhrydain.

Uchod Y wiwer goch yw'r unig wiwer frodorol geir yn Yhysoedd



Mae gwiwerod coch yn treulio hyd at 70% o'r dydd yn y coed ac maent wedi eu haddasu ar gyfer byw bywyd yn dringo ymhlith y canghennau uchaf. Mae'n anifail eithriadol o heini, gyda chynffon hir i helpu ei gydbwysedd a choesau hir i neidio ar draws bylchau bach rhwng canopïau coed gyferbyn. Gyda thraed mawr a chrafangau hir ar bob bys troed tenau, mae ganddynt afael





Hoffech rhoi cymorth i rywogaeth brodorol sydd ar fin difodiant?

Ymunwch â un o'n diwrnodau hyfforddi lle gallwch ddysgu sut i helpu eich gwiwerod coch lleol

Bydd cyflwyniad yn y bore, gyda sesiynnau ymarferol am unai cadwraeth gwiwerod coch neu rheolaeth gwiwerod llwyd mewn coedwig lleol i ddilyn yn y prynhawn

Cyflwynwyd gan Dr Craig Shuttleworth a Holly Peek
9.30 am on Saturday 18th February, Neuadd Goffa, Mynydd Llandygai, BANGOR, LL57 4LQ
LL57 4LQ

Cysylltwch i archebu eich lle wrth ebostio hollyredsquirrel@gmail.com neu gyrrwch neges destyn/ffoniwch 07397953543

Evol







ment



Lessons & Challenges

- Successful eradication to a boundary.
- Community support for culling BUT red squirrel was put back into the landscape.
- Characteristics of local population were understood.
- Need for funding for rapid-reaction to IAS detection.
- Need to better understand invasion mechanisms.
- Partnership has illuminated viral epidemiology and led to pioneering method of detection.
- Empower communities with knowledge to manage IAS.



Theodore Roosevelt

It is not the critic who counts; not the man who points out how the strong man stumbles, or where the doer of deeds could have done them better. The credit belongs to the man who is actually in the arena, whose face is marred by dust and sweat and blood; who strives valiantly; who errs, who comes short again and again; who spends himself in a worthy cause; who at the best knows in the end the triumph of high achievement, and who at the worst, if he fails, at least fails while daring greatly, so that his place shall never be with those cold and timid souls who neither know victory nor defeat.



Thanks & Acknowledgments

- Dave Everest (APHA)
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- Liz Halliwell (Natural Resources Wales)
- Paul Holmes (APHA)
- Colin McInnes (Moredun Institute)
- Gerallt Llewelyn Jones (Menter Mon)
- Raj Jones
- Robert Kenward (CEH)
- Nick Jackson (ZSW)
- Directors of Red Squirrels Trust Wales
- The late Derek Yalden (Manchester University)





