





# Infringements to the national provisions: a case study from a lower tier inspection

Mutual Joint Visit Workshop for Seveso Inspections on Risk management and enforcement on lower tier sites

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### The role of ISPRA for industrial control

ISPRA has a national role as a technical body supporting the Ministry of Environment in the national implementation of the Seveso Directives for the prevention of major accidents

- Definition of technical contents of laws and decrees to control Major Accidents
- Set of the National Inventory of major accident hazards establishments and other related databases
- Inspections of establishments SMS-PMA (Safety Management System-Prevention of Major Accident) on a regular basis or after an accident
- Support for international activities (EU, OECD, bilateral cooperation)
- Technical coordination and addressing of Regional Agencies for the Protection of Environment (ARPA)
- Collaboration with other Authorities competent for industrial risk (Ministry of Home Affairs – National Fire Brigades; Department of Civil Protection; Ministry of Infrastructures)



### **Program and themes**

- 1. SMS Inspections on LT establishments
- 2. Inspection activity: the initial findings of the commission
- In-depth analyzes conducted during the inspection
- 4. Conclusions and further developments



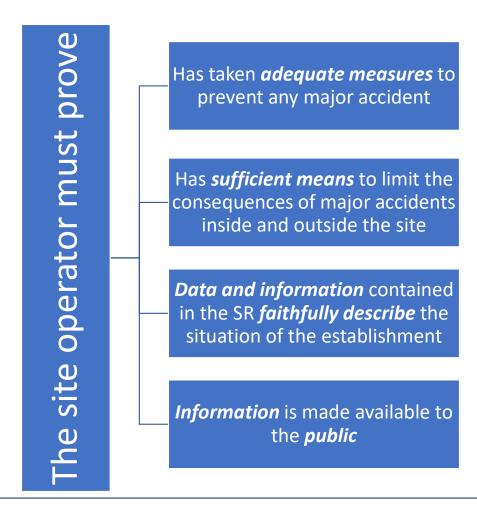






### 1. SMS Inspections on LT establishments

### The site operator tasks





### **The Inspection Commission**

A commission is charged by Regional Italian Authority (Environmental Department):

- ISPRA (Institute for Environmental Protection and Research)
- CNVVF (Local Fire Brigades)
- INAIL (Safety at Work Institute)

The commission must verify the suitability of the operator MAPP and the implementation of the SMS, carrying out a planned examination of the systems being employed at the establishment, whether of a technical, organizational or managerial nature







### The national regulation

- 2 fundamental legislative instruments relevant to the SMS inspections
- 1) <u>D. Lgs. 105/2015 Allegato B "Linee guida per l'attuazione del Sistema</u> di Gestione della Sicurezza per la prevenzione degli incidenti rilevanti"
  - MAPP and SMS structure: technical contents, deepness, training activities
  - State of the art: UNI 10617 (UNI10616), ISO 45000-ISO14000-EMAS (MAP)
- 2) <u>D. Lgs. 105/2015 Allegato H "Criteri per la pianificazione, la programmazione e lo svolgimento delle ispezioni"</u>
  - Criteria and procedures for conducting inspections: procedures and formats (check-list, operational experience, critical systems) for SMS-MAPP inspections
  - Simplification of some items: for establishments with high standardization (depots, storage sites, transferring, etc.)



#### The verification elements

- Operational experience: recording of events that occurred at the establishment and similar establishments over the last 10 years
- Checklist: verification of SMS elements
  - 1. Major Accident Prevention Policy and SMS structure
  - 2. Organisation and staff
  - 3. Identification and assessment of major hazards
  - 4. Operational control
  - 5. Management of change
  - 6. Emergency planning
  - 7. Performance check
  - 8. Control and review
- Events measures: events analyzed in risk analyses, highlighting prevention and protection systems





### **SMS** inspections vs COVID-19

Health emergency from SARS - CoV - 2 has resulted in limitations in carrying out on-site inspections on the national territory

ISPRA, National Fire Brigade (CNVVF), Safety at Work Institute (INAIL) and Ministry of Environment (MASE), in compliance with D.Lgs. 105/2015, have introduced alternative methods for carrying out inspections

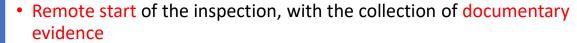
- Possibility of performing some phases remotely
- Identified what can be done through documentary examination and what must be done on site, with possible completion of documentary analysis







### The new inspection procedure



✓ Documentation made available with preliminary requests for inspection a/o sharing during VdC

• On-site visit and inspection

✓ Interviews with internal and external personnel, plants inspections and emergency drills

Ending the activity remotely

✓Inspection results with evidence of the non-compliances found









## 2. Inspection activity: the initial findings of the commission

### **Description of the establishment**

Depot for the storage and handling of LPG and diesel

- Receipt of <u>LPG</u> via tankers
- LPG storage in insulated horizontal cylindrical tanks above ground
- Shipping of bulk LPG for combustion use
- **Bottling** of LPG in cylinders and shipping
- Reception of diesel for automotive, heating and agricultural use
- Storage of diesel in vertical tanks in a containment basin and shipping
- Retail distribution of agricultural diesel via dispenser



### The inventory of hazardous substances

- The maximum quantity of LPG is 198.84 t in the notification form
- Failure to indicate in the notification form the maximum quantities present in the plants of diesel: 254 m3 (216 t)
  - Due to the application of the sum rule (Note 4 Annex I), diesel is added to LPG (flammable subst.), obtaining a value greater than 1 for physical hazards
  - The consideration of diesel changes the status of the establishment from the LT to the UT, with consequent additional obligations
- The commission informed the inspection authority (the Region) and the Judicial Authority for the infringement to the national provision
  - Arrest of up to three months or fine from 10,000 to 60,000 euros
  - However, the operator made a first modification regarding the quantities of LPG present (reduction from 30,000 kg to 20,000 kg of LPG in cylinders)



#### The MAPP Documents

- The previously valid version of the MAPP Document dated to 3 years earlier, as indicated in the document header and in the Notification
- Failure to comply with the obligation to update the MAPP Document every two years
- The commission informed the inspection authority (the Region) and the Judicial Authority for the infringement to the national provision
  - Arrest of up to three months or fine of 25,000 euros
  - However, the one represented is a previous situation (at the time of the inspection a valid MAPP document was present)







# 3. In-depth analyzes conducted during the inspection

### The Synthesis of Non-Compliances

	Summary of the findings emerging from the examination of the checklist of elements of the SMS	Finding	Minor NC	Major NC				
1. 1	1. MAPP, structure of the SMS and its integration with company management							
i	Definition of the Prevention Policy		$\boxtimes$					
ii	Verification of the structure of the SMS-PMA adopted and integration with company management							
iii	Contents of the MAPP Document		$\boxtimes$					
2.	Organization and staff							
i	Definition of responsibilities, resources and activity planning		$\boxtimes$					
ii	Information activities		$\boxtimes$					
iii	Ttraining activities		$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$				
iv	Human factors, operator and plant interfaces		$\boxtimes$					
3. Identification and assessment of major hazards								
i	Identification of the dangers of substances, definition of safety criteria and requirements		$\boxtimes$					
ii	Identification of possible accident events and safety analysis							
iii	Planning of plant and management adjustments to reduce risks and update		$\boxtimes$					
4.	Operational control							
i	Identification of systems and equipment subject to verification plans		$\boxtimes$					
ii	Documentation management							
iii	Operating procedures and instructions in normal, anomalous and emergency conditions		$\boxtimes$					
iv	Maintenance procedures		$\boxtimes$					
٧	Procurement of goods and services		$\boxtimes$					

	Summary of the findings emerging from the examination of the checklist of elements of the SMS	Finding	Minor NC	Major NC		
<b>5.</b>	Management of changes  Technical-system, procedural and organizational changes					
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ii <b>6.</b>	Documentation update  Emergency planning					
i	Consequence analysis, planning and documentation			$\boxtimes$		
ii	Roles and responsibilities	$\boxtimes$		$\boxtimes$		
iii	Controls and checks for the management of emergency situations	$\boxtimes$				
iv	Alarm and communication systems and support for external intervention	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$			
v	Investigations on systems connected to emergency management					
vi	Control room and/or emergency management center					
7. Performance check						
i	Performance evaluation	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$			
ii	Analysis of accidents and near-misses	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$		
8.	Control and review					
i	Inspections and Audits	$\boxtimes$		$\boxtimes$		
ii	Review of the SMS-PMA prevention policy			$\boxtimes$		

<u>Minor non-compliance</u>: an evidence of formal aspects not adequately fulfilled (for example, the requirement for a standard adopted voluntarily not completely satisfied, due to lack of adequate supporting documentation, an element of the SMS adopted by the operator but without adequate documentation to support it, etc.).

<u>Major non-compliance</u>: an evidence of substantial not-compliance with legal requirements, technical standards taken as reference for the SMS or corporate standards. A minor non-compliance not corrected (for example, identified during the last inspection and not taken into consideration by the operator), may also become a major non-compliance during the subsequent inspection.





### **Examples of major non compliances: the MAPP and the SMS**

- Review of the MAPP Document, on a specific management meeting, to be carried out in presence of the various subjects involved (workers' representatives, higher management)
- Systematization of all site documentation to demonstrate that the SMS-PMA adopted is integrated with the management of the Company
- Evaluation of the implementation plan, based on the actual site reality, during specific system review meetings



### **Examples of major non compliances: Organization and Staff**

- The Head of the Prevention and Protection Service is appointed internally within the company, regardless of the type of contract
- Evidence of the dissemination of the information documentation on the MA Risks to all workers (employees, third parties, visitors)
- Review of training procedures:
  - Times and frequency of the activities, topics, type of workers
  - Contents carried out during the sessions, following which learning verification tests must be scheduled
  - Specific "on-site" sessions on procedures, operational instructions
  - Contractors have carried out the training activity with learning verification



### **Examples of major non compliances: MAH and MOC**

- The risk analysis must include:
  - Acquisition and updating of operational experience data
  - Indication of techniques, criteria and responsibilities
  - Consideration of the human factor
  - Implementation plan, to be contextualized on the actual site reality
- MOC procedure, with updating and archiving of documentation:
  - Risk assessment and internal emergency plan
  - Diagrams, drawings and plans
  - Procedures, instructions and operating manuals
  - **Training** activities
  - Commissioning activities, through specific PTW



### **Examples of major non compliances: Operational control**

- Identification of critical technical systems, based on the measures adopted to prevent and/or mitigate the hypothesized scenarios, planning and carrying out operational control activities
  - Insert and/or complete the correct TAG with what is actually "on-site"; align all procedural references used during the checks by the external companies
  - Prepare an adaptation plan to equip all areas with appropriate gas detectors
  - Review the operating logic and consequent blocking of the tank level-states
  - Activities of: testing line safety valves; shut-down verification on panels, sirens, pumps, valves, detectors, ESD; calibration and testing of gas detectors; daily, weekly and monthly checks on arms, pumps, tanks, lines



### **Examples of major non compliances: Emergency planning**

- Review of the IEP implementing:
  - Results of the risk assessments conducted
  - Definition of emergency management actions for each scenario
  - Completeness of the recordings in the fire maintenance register
  - Planning and carrying out training sessions on emergency management, equipping the intervention team with all the PPE
  - Provision of sprinkler systems in the plant areas, activated by flammable gas detectors



### **Examples of major non compliances: Performance, control and review**

- Analysis of operational experience on accidents, describing the management factors and critical technical systems, exchanging information with other establishments, disseminating the information
- Periodic safety audits for the evaluation of the SMS-PMA, with a specific implementation plan for all corrective actions emerged
- Criteria for updating the SMS and the MAPP through a specific meeting, considering the performance indicators, the results of inspections, the review of the manager's commitments







# 4. Conclusions and further developments

### Findings and judgment of the Commission

- ☐ The SMS was compliant, only in its minimum and basic elements, with the provisions of the legislation and the MAPP Document
- ☐ The SMS was therefore in the implementation phase, although the Site Operator had already implemented a series of actions following the findings highlighted by the Commission
- However, a very significant number of non-compliances were detected for the elements of the SMS, many of which if not corrected would have undermined the effectiveness of the SMS over time





### The further actions for adopting corrective measures

- The Commission assessed the possible timescales within which to adopt corrective measures, by the Competent Inspection Authority
  - ✓ Granting 1 month for major non-compliances and 2 months for minor non-compliances
- Considering the significant non-compliances that emerged, the Commission also deemed it necessary to propose to the Authority to carry out an additional inspection within 6 months
  - ✓ To verify the implementation in the SMS of the measures and corrective actions put in place by the site Operator following the previous inspection



#### **Final considerations**

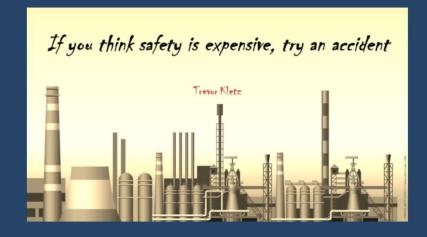
- Some small self-owned companies have a poor safety culture, ignoring or misunderstanding at all the major accidents hazards
  - During the inspection, the site operator had to set up a management system by completely relying on the work of a consultancy company
- ☐ The lack/impoverishment of technical competence makes internal organization impervious to external knowledge
  - The industrial associations should supply the weakness of single enterprise,
     with a capillary action to disseminate knowledge through their network
- ☐ The establishment has never been subjected to SMS inspection
  - A control activity carried out constantly by the competent authorities constitutes a positive incentive to continuous improvement, keeping the manager's attention high on the approach and commitment to safety











Questions...???...

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https://minerva.jrc.ec.europa.eu/en/shorturl/minerva/mjv\_portugal\_2023

### Thanks for the attention!

